Si3452MS8-KIT

## Si3452MS8 Evaluation Board User's Guide

## 1. Introduction

The Si3452MS8 8-port evaluation kit (Si3452MS8-KIT) is intended for Power over Ethernet (PoE) Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) system designers interested in evaluating the Quad-port Si3452 PSE controller. While evaluation kits are normally shipped with Si3452 devices that use Silicon Laboratories' proprietary dV/dt™ disconnect, they can also be used for evaluation of the pin-compatible Si3453, which uses dc disconnect. In this case, the Si3452 devices must be replaced with the appropriate Si3453 device. Please refer to "8. Ordering Guide" on page 35 for more information.
The Si 3452 is controlled through an $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ (or SMBus) interface. For convenience in evaluation, a graphical user interface (GUI) is provided, giving an easy-to-use visual display and control of the Si3452 $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ registers. The evaluation kit assumes the user has access to a PC to control the evaluation board with the provided GUI.
The user is also responsible for providing an appropriate high-voltage power supply. The power supply should be 45 to 57 V for normal PoE or 51 to 57 V for PoE+. The Si3452 can supply over 30 W to each port. Thus, the two Si3452 controllers for the eight port demo system can provide over 240 W of total power. Normally, a 50 to 100 W power supply is used. While the classification and actual current consumption of each port is available, the demo GUI does not implement system-level power management. Contact Silicon Laboratories for more information about system-level power management options.
The Si3452MS8 kit has been thoroughly tested for standards compliance and interoperability. Contact Silicon Laboratories for test reports using Sifos PoE test equipment and University of New Hampshire PoE standards compliance and interoperability reports.

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## 2. Kit Contents

This user's guide includes instructions on the use of the Si3452 register control GUI. An optional Power Manager GUI is described in the SI3452 Power Manager GUI user's guide on the CD-ROM. The installation instructions for the hardware and USB to $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ driver in this user's guide must be followed before installing and using the Si 3452 Power Manager GUI.

Table 1. Evaluation Kit Contents

| Kit | Contents |
| :--- | :--- |
| Si3452MS8-EB r1.1 | The Si3452 8-port evaluation board with connector for an external 50 V power supply. The <br> power supply must be capable of supplying the required amount of power for all PoE loads <br> being connected. Standard boards are populated with Si3452-B01-GM parts. |
| Si3452CB-EB r1.1 | An RJ-45 connector board configured as power over Ethernet Gigabit mid-span injector. |
|  | A 24-wire cable to connect the Si3452 evaluation board to the mid-span injector board |
| PoE USB v1.3 | A USB to $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ (or SMBus) evaluation board. This board is preconfigured with updated firm- <br> ware to support I ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ transactions. |
|  | A USB cable to connect to a host PC |
| Si3402ISO-EB | A PD evaluation board configured to provide a Class 3 signature. |
| Si3402ISO-C4-EB | A PD evaluation board configured to provide a Class 4 signature. |
|  | $10 \Omega$ loads for the evaluation boards. Each load will consume 2.5 W , which is about 3 W <br> referred to the PSE side. |
|  | Two Ethernet cables to connect the Si3400 and Si3401 evaluation boards to the connector <br> board. |
| CD-ROM | Software drivers for the USB to SMBus adapter and a GUl for the Si3452 registers on a <br> CD-ROM. Applicable applications notes and data sheets are also included. |

## 3. Installation

Before you can use the Si3452 Monitor, you must first install the PoEUSB device driver associated with the PoEUSB adapter card, as well as install the Si3452 Monitor.

### 3.1. Installing the PoEUSB Device

If you have previously installed the PoEUSB device, uninstall the previous driver version before installing the new version. To uninstall the previous version, select "Programs and Features" or "Add or Remove Programs" from the Control Panel, and then uninstall "Windows Driver Package - Silicon Labs...".


Figure 1. Uninstall Previous Rev Windows Driver Package
To install the PoEUSB device driver, run PoEUSBSetup_v1.1.exe.


Figure 2. PoE USB Device Installer Screen
After the PoEUSB device driver is installed, then complete the installation by connecting the PoEUSB adapter card to the PC with a USB cable.

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### 3.2. Installing the Si3452 Monitor

If you have previously installed the Si 3452 Monitor, uninstall the previous version before installing the new version. To uninstall the previous version, select "Programs and Features" or "Add or Remove Programs" from the Control Panel, and then uninstall "Si3452 Monitor".


Figure 3. Uninstall Previous Rev Si3452 Monitor
To install the Si3452 Monitor, run Si3452MonitorSetup_v2.0.exe.


Figure 4. Monitor Setup Wizard

## 4. Hardware Installation

Figure 5 shows how all the hardware pieces of the Si3452 evaluation board fit together.


Figure 5. Evaluation Board Hardware

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Perform the following steps:

1. Connect the Si3452 evaluation card (Si3452MB8-EVB) to the RJ45 (Si3452C3-EVB) card using the 24-pin ribbon cable.
2. Plug J104 of the PoEUSB adapter into J104 of the Si3452 evaluation card.
3. The high-voltage power supply should be connected to the evaluation system before it is plugged into the ac mains. Hot insertion of the high voltage is not recommended. Be careful about the polarity of the high-voltage power supply. After the high voltage supply is turned on, the power LED D101 will glow, indicating that the 3.3 V supply is active.


Figure 6. Location of D101 which Indicated Power Has Been Properly Applied
4. Plug the PoEUSB adapter into the computer USB cable if this was not already done during the software installation step. Connect the USB side before connecting the PoEUSB side. If the drivers were installed properly, the PC should recognize the adapter.
5. Plug in powered devices. The evaluation board is configured as a midspan power injector. The data input lines are on the top row, and the power plus data output lines are on the bottom row.


Figure 7. Connector Board Configuration
6. Start the Si3452 Monitor.

## 5. Using the Si3452 Monitor

To run the Si3452 Monitor, double click on the "Si3452 Monitor" desktop icon. You may also run the Si3452 Monitor from the Start menu, by selecting: Start $\rightarrow$ All Programs $\rightarrow$ Silicon Laboratories $\rightarrow$ Si3452 Monitor.
The Si3452 Monitor initially displays the basic graphical user interface (GUI), but it can be switched to the advanced GUI by clicking on the "Advanced GUI" button.

### 5.1. Basic GUI

The basic GUI provides high level status, configuration, and control of Si3452 port controllers.


Figure 8. Basic GUI
The basic GUI contains the following:

- Monitor Control
- Interface Selector
- Device Information
- Device Status
- Port Boxes


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### 5.1.1. Monitor Control

The primary purpose of the Monitor Control area is to configure and control the operation of the GUI itself.


Figure 9. Monitor Control Area
The user may manually update the GUI by clicking the "Refresh" button. The GUI reads the Si3452 registers and updates the displayed information.
The user may cause the GUI to automatically update itself at regular intervals by clicking on the "Start polling" button. The green LED flashes red each time an update occurs. The "Poll delay" text box allows the user to specify the time between updates. The user may stop automatic updates by clicking on the "Stop polling" button.
The user selects which Si 3452 controller to use with the "Slave addr" box. Several Si3452 controllers may be connected to the $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ bus, and each controller has a unique $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ slave address. The "Slave addr" box specifies which of the Si3452 controllers to communicate with. The GUI works with only one Si3452 at a time, but the user may dynamically switch the GUI between several Si 3452 s with the "Slave addr" box.
If the user checks the "CoR" (Clear on Read) check box, then the GUI reads the Si3452's CoR registers when updating. If the CoR check box is not checked, then the GUI does not read the CoR registers when updating. The CoR registers are the Port Event registers and the Device Status register. Reading a CoR register has side effects. Reading a Port Event register clears that register and clears a port event bit in the interrupt register. Reading the Device Status register clears a device event bit in the interrupt register. Consequently, if the CoR check box is checked while the GUI is polling, then events could come and go without being noticed by the user.
If the user checks the "RoM" (Read on Modify) check box, then the GUI automatically updates itself after the user modifies the GUI. The GUI automatically shows the effect of any change within a time delay, specified by the "RoM delay" text box. The RoM behavior is only useful if polling is stopped.
The Monitor Control area has three buttons. The "Reset Device" button resets the Si3452 by writing the "reset chip" command to the command register. The "Shutdown low priority ports" button turns off all low priority ports by writing the "shutdown all low priority ports" command to the command register. The "Advanced GUl" button displays the advanced GUI controls.

### 5.1.2. Interface Selector

The Interface Selector specifies which USB-to-I2C device to use for communicating with the Si3452 port controllers.


Figure 10. Interface Selector

The Si3452 Monitor supports several different USB-to- ${ }^{2}$ C devices. If more than one of these devices is connected to the PC at the same time, then the user can select which one to use with the Interface drop-down box.
The "Dummy" device is a substitute device that does not actually perform $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ communications. The Dummy device allows the Si3452 Monitor to open even if there are no USB-to- $1^{2} \mathrm{C}$ devices connected to the PC.
The version of the Si 3452 Monitor is displayed at the bottom of the window.

### 5.1.3. Device Information

The Device Information box displays high level information about the Si3452 device.


Figure 11. Device Information Box
This box displays the hardware revision of the silicon, the firmware version, and the measured Vee voltage. The user can update the Vee voltage by clicking on the "Vee" button.

### 5.1.4. Device Status

The Device Status box displays the high level status of the Si3452 device.


Figure 12. Device Status Box
This box displays the contents of the Device Status register. If the temperature of the Si 3452 controller is too high, then the "Over temp" LED bar is bright red instead of dark red. If the Vee voltage is too low, then the "Vee UVLO" LED bar is bright red instead of dark red. This box also displays the setting of the detection back-off timing (Alternative A or Alternative B).
The user may manually update this box by clicking on the "R" (read) button. The GUI reads the Device Status register and updates the status information displayed in this box. This box is not updated by polling or by the "Refresh" button unless the CoR check box is checked.
If a device event bit is set in the interrupt register, then the " $R$ " button is red. This indicates that the displayed device status is stale and that the Device Status register should be read. Reading the Device Status register has the side effect of clearing the device event bits in the interrupt register, consequently making the "R" button no longer red.
The "Toggle detection back-off timing" button switches the detection back-off timing between Alternative A and Alternative B . This change may not automatically be displayed in this box. The user may have to click on the " R " button to see the new timing setting. If the Device Status register has never been read, then this box displays "Alternative?" because the timing is not known.

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### 5.1.5. Port Boxes

The port boxes display port status and have controls for configuring and controlling the ports.


Figure 13. Port Box

### 5.1.5.1. Port Status

A port box displays the results of the last detection and last classification in the middle of the right pane. The PwrEnable LED (bottom left) is bright red if the port is turned on. The PwrGood LED is bright red if the measured port voltage is good.
The amount of current drawn from the port is displayed at the bottom right corner of the port box. The user may manually update the port current reading by clicking on the " R " (read) button.

### 5.1.5.2. Port Configuration

A port box contains four radio buttons to configure the mode of the port. The port mode may be Shutdown, Manual, Semi-auto, or Auto.
The port features can be configured with the four checkboxes on the right pane. If "Disconnect enable" is checked, the port removes power if the powered device is unplugged. If "PoE+" is checked, then the port supplies high power to a powered device that follows to the PoE+ protocol. If "Low priority" is checked, the port immediately removes power if the "Shutdown low priority ports" button is clicked. If "Legacy enable" is checked, then the port supplies power to a legacy powered device even though the powered device does not provide a valid detection resistance. The "Legacy enable" check box is disabled if the Si3452 controller does not support this feature.
The user may configure a port's Icut level with the "Icut (mA)" drop-down box. The port automatically removes power if the port current is greater than the Icut level for more than 60 milliseconds.

### 5.1.5.3. Port Control

A port box contains three buttons for controlling a port. The "On" button forces a port to supply power; the "Off" button forces a port to remove power, and the "Reset" button resets a port.

### 5.2. Advanced GUI

The advanced GUI adds additional controls to the basic GUI for low level status, configuration, and control of Si3452 controllers.


Figure 14. Advanced GUI
The advanced GUI consists of the following sections:

- Interrupt Enable
- Events
- Register List


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### 5.2.1. Interrupt Enable

The Interrupt Enable box specifies which events cause the Si3452 to generate an interrupt.

```
Interrupt enable
V Power enable event
\Gamma Power good event
V}\mathrm{ Disconnect event
\Gamma Detect completed
\Gamma Class completed
Port current overload
\startup overload
V Device status
```

Figure 15. Interrupt Enable Box

### 5.2.2. Events

The Events box displays the status of the interrupt line and the port events.


Figure 16. Events Box
If the interrupt line is active, then the LED bar at the top of the Events box is bright red instead of dark red. Note that if there are multiple Si3452 controllers in the system, one or more of these controllers may be pulling the interrupt line low. It may not be the currently-selected Si 3452 that is making the interrupt line active.
The Port Events registers can be read using the port event buttons under the Interrupt line active LED bar. Further below the port event, LEDs display the status of each event for each port. If a port event is active, then the corresponding LED is bright red.
The user may manually update a port's event LEDs by clicking on the port's event button (P1, P2, P3, P4). The GUI reads the corresponding Port Events register and updates the port's event LEDs. Port event LEDs are not updated by polling or by the "Refresh" button unless the CoR check box is checked.
If a port event bit is set in the interrupt register, then the corresponding port event button (P1, P2, P3, P4) is red. This indicates that the port's event LEDs are stale and that the Port Events register should to be read. Reading a Port Events register has the side effect of clearing that Port Events register and clearing the port event bit in the interrupt register, consequently making the port event button no longer red.

### 5.2.3. Register List

The Register List displays the contents of the Si3452 registers and allows the user to change the register contents.


Figure 17. Register List
The Register List displays all of the Si3452's registers grouped by category. Each category of registers can be expanded and collapsed by clicking on the plus and minus signs at the left edge of the Register List.
The Register List displays the type of each register. Each register is either RW (read/write), RO (read only), WO (write only) or CR (Clear on Read). WO registers reflect the value applied by the user.
The user may specify which registers to read (when the GUI is updated) by checking a box at the left of each register name. Refreshing, polling, and RoM, all depend on these settings. Clear on Read registers are read only if both the CoR check box is checked and the check box for the individual CR register is checked.
The user may read and write individual registers by using the " R " (read) and " W " (write) buttons at the right edge of each register. The " $R$ " and " $W$ " buttons are disabled if the operation is not allowed for the type of register. The whole register file can be updated at once by clicking on the "Refresh" button.
The Register List displays the value of each register in binary and hexadecimal form. If a register has not yet been read, then its binary value is displayed as all Xs , and its hexadecimal value is blank.
A register's hexadecimal value is displayed in a text box. If a register is not writable (RO or CR), then its text box is gray and its hexadecimal value cannot be changed by the user. If a register is writable (RW), then its text box is white and its hexadecimal value can be changed by the user. The accepted format in text boxes are: octal ( 0 nnn ). After changing a register's value, the user clicks on the register's "W" button to write the new value to the register.

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## 6. Operating the System

The RJ45 connector board has eight LEDs for the eight ports. The LEDs are driven by a comparator circuit with a threshold of about 2 V . When the ports are in auto mode, the LEDs in the RJ45 connector board flash, indicating the detection cycle until a valid PD is connected. Once a valid PD is connected and the port is turned on, the LEDs will glow steadily until the PD is disconnected. Once the PD is connected, the port current will be displayed on the GUI.
The easiest way to get started is to put all of the ports in Auto mode. In Auto mode, detection, classification, power management based on classification (Icut setting), disconnect (when enabled by "Dis Enable"), fault protection, fault recovery, and port monitoring all happen without user intervention.
If the GUI is left in polling mode, the port status, port current, Vee voltage are all automatically updated by polling the appropriate registers of the S 3452 .
The Si3452 itself normally powers up as Alternative A, which means there is no detection back-off. This is the most common usage for the Si3452. The RJ-45 connector board for the evaluation kit is configured to inject the power on the "spare pairs" of the Ethernet cable, which is the Alternative B or "Midspan" connection. Detection back-off is helpful for insuring that a midspan and an endpoint do not compete with each other and result in a failure to provide power. With detection back-off, the time between detection pulses is increased to just over two seconds so as not to compete with the normal (approximately three times per second) detection of an endpoint. If detection back-off is required, click the "Midspan" button to toggle this mode. You will see that the LEDs on the connector board now flash at the slower detection speed. To toggle the mode back to standard detection timing, click the button again.
The Si3452 in auto mode is fully-compliant with the 802.3at standard (often called PoE+), which allows up to 30 W to be delivered over the Ethernet cable. To enable the higher power support for a given port, click the "PoE+" check box for that port.
In PoE+ power mode, the Si3452 automatically performs the two-event classification and increases the cut-off current if a class 4 PD is detected. The Si3401 evaluation board provided with the kit is configured to provide the Class 4 signature; so, if the PoE+ mode is enabled and the Si3401 PD is plugged in, the cut-off current is automatically set to 643.2 mA . The screen shot in Figure 18 shows the result of plugging in a class 4 PD (into Port1) with PoE+ power enabled.

Port 1

| Ohutdown | V Disconnect enable |
| :---: | :---: |
| () Manual | (V) PoE+ |
| (1) Semi-auto | $\square$ Low priority |
| (-) Auto |  |
| On | Legacy enable |
| OH | Detect 100 Rgood |
| Reset | Class 100 Class 4 |
| PwrGood | I cut (mA) 643.2 |
| PwrEnable e | Current $\quad 134.800 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{R}$ |

Port 3
Shutdown - Manual
() Semi-auto
(O) Auto

| On |
| :---: |
| Ott |
| Reset |
| PwrGood |
| PwrEnable |

$\square$ Disconnect enable
$\square$ PoE +
$\square$ Low priority
$\square$ Legacy enable
Detect $\quad 110$ Open
Class $\quad 000$ Unknown

I | cut $(\mathrm{mA})$ |
| :--- |
| Current |
| 374.4 |$\quad 0.000 \mathrm{~mA}$ R

Figure 18. Result of Putting Port 1 into Auto and POE+ Mode and Plugging in the Si3401 Class 4 PD with a $5 \Omega$ Load

## 7. Board Schematics, BOM, and Layout

The following are general PCB layout considerations. Detailed schematics, BOM, and layout can also be found in the following sections. Visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page and register to submit a technical support request, particularly if you are not closely following the recommended reference design.

### 7.1. Design and Layout Considerations

Due to the high current of up to 800 mA per port, the following board layout guidelines apply.
The VEE1, VEE2, VEE3, and VEE4 pins can carry up to 800 mA and are connected to a VEE bus. The VEE bus for a 4-port PCB layout can thus carry as much as 3.2 A current. The best practice is to devote an entire inner layer for VEE power routing.
Similarly, GND1/2 and GND3/4 pins can carry up to 1.6 A per pin, and the GND return bus should be at least as wide as the VEE bus. The best practice is to devote an entire inner layer for ground power routing.
The ground power plane does not generally have a high frequency content (other than external faults); so, it is generally acceptable to use the ground power plane as a ground signal plane and tie AGND and GND12 and GND34 to this plane as well.
The VOUTn pins carry up to 800 mA dc and up to 5 A in faults; so, a 20 mil trace with wide or multiple vias is also recommended. The VDETn pins also carry fault current; so, this pin connection to VOUTn needs to use 20 mil traces and wide or multiple vias where needed.
The VDD currents are not large; so, it is acceptable to route the VDD nodes on one of the outer layers. If care is taken to avoid disruption of the high-current paths, VDD can be globally routed on one of the power planes and then locally routed on an inner or outer layer.
To avoid coupling between surge events and logic signals, it is recommended that VOUTn traces be routed on the side opposite the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ interface pins.
The thermal pad of the Si3452/3 is connected to VEE. At full IEEE 802.3 at and a current of 600 mA on each port, the dissipation of the $\mathrm{Si} 3452 / 3$ is up to 1.2 W ; so, multiple vias are required to conduct the heat from the thermal pad to the VEE plane. As many as 36 small vias provide the best thermal conduction. Heat is dissipated through the Si3452 by vias to a large Vee plane on the back of the board. Chip-to-chip spacing should be kept to greater than one inch to reduce peak temperatures associated with the Si3452 chips from heating each other.
The $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ bus runs at a modest speed of 400 kHz maximum. The $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ bus lines should be routed away from analog lines like Rbias or Vref but can otherwise be routed with ordinary care.
For the Si3452 itself, there are no EMI considerations. The Si3500 dc-to-dc converter in the reference design is a potential EMI source; so, care must be used in routing the FET output (SWO). The lead lengths should be kept short, and SWO should be kept away from the analog nodes. Also, the area enclosed by the paths between the input filter caps to the inductor and returning to SWO and Vss and also from the output filter caps to the inductor and returning through the diode should be minimized. Following the reference design closely in this area will insure success.

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7.2. Si3452 Schematics




### 7.3. Si3452 Layout



Figure 22. Si3452 Top Silkscreen


Figure 23. Si3452 Primary Side


Figure 24. Si3452 Ground Plane


Figure 25. Si3452 Power Plane


$\stackrel{\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet}{\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet}$
Figure 26. Si3452 Secondary Side


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### 7.4. Si3452 Bill of Materials

Table 2. Si3452 Bill of Materials

| Item | Qty | Reference | Value | Rating and Voltage | Tol | Type | PCB Footprint | Manufacturer Part Number | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{C} 2, \mathrm{C} 3, \mathrm{C} 10 \\ \mathrm{C} 11, \mathrm{C} 12 \end{gathered}$ | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 16 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | X7R | C0603 | C0603X7R160-104M | Venkel |
| 2 | 14 | $\begin{gathered} \text { C4,C5,C6,C7, } \\ \text { C8,C9,C13, } \\ \text { C14,C15,C16, } \\ \text { C17,C18,C103 } \\ , \mathrm{C} 150 \end{gathered}$ | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 100 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | X7R | C0603 | C0603X7R101-104M | Venkel |
| 3 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { C100, C017, } \\ \text { C108 } \end{gathered}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 16 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | X7R | C0805 | C0805X7R160-105M | Venkel |
| 4 | 2 | C101,C102 | 680 pF | 250 V | $\pm 15 \%$ | Y3 | C1808 | GA342QR7GD681K W01L | Murata |
| 5 | 2 | C104,C105 | $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 100 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | Alum Elec | C3.5X8MM-RAD | ECA2AM330 | Panasonic |
| 6 | 1 | C106 | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 6.3 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | X5R | C0603 | C0603X5R6R3-106M | Venkel |
| 7 | 1 | C151* | $12 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 100 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | Alum Elec | C2.5X6.3MM-RAD | EEUFC2A120 | Panasonic |
| 8 | 2 | C152,C153 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 100 V | $\pm 10 \%$ | X7R | C1210 | C1210X7R101-105K | Venkel |
| 9 | 1 | C155 | $560 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 6.3 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | Alum Elec | C3.5X8MM-RAD | EEUFM0J561 | Panasonic |
| 10 | 1 | C156 | $22 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 6.3 V | $\pm 20 \%$ | X5R | C0805 | C0805X5R6R3-226M | Venkel |
| 11 | 1 | C157 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 1 | C158 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 25 V | $\pm 10 \%$ | X7R | C0603 | C0603X7R250-104K | Venkel |
| 13 | 1 | C159 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 10 V | $\pm 10 \%$ | X7R | C0603 | C0603X7R100-105K | Venkel |
| 14 | 1 | C160 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1 | C161 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 1 | D100 | MBRS3100T3 | $3 \mathrm{~A}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | Schottky | DO-214AB | MBRS3100T3 | On Semi |
| 17 | 1 | D101 | Green | $\begin{gathered} 30 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ 2.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | SMT | LED-0805-K | LTST-C170GKT | LITE_ON INC |
| 18 | 1 | D301 | ES2B | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & 100 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | Single | DO-214AA | ES2B | Diodes Inc |
| 19 | 1 | FB151 | BLM18PG300SN1 | 1000 mA |  | SMT | L0603 | BLM18PG300SN1 | MuRata |
| 20 | 1 | J4 | HEADER 12x2 |  |  | Header | CONN-2X12-2MM | TMM-112-01-T-D | Samtec |
| 21 | 1 | J100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { CONN SOCKET } \\ 3 \times 2 \text { RA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Socket | CONN2X3-FRA | SSQ-103-02-G-D-RA | Samtec |
| 22 | 1 | J101 | CONN TRBLK 2 |  |  | Term BIk Male | CONN-TB-1757242 | 1757242 | PHOENIX CONTACT |
| *Note: See schematic notes in Figures 19 and 20. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2. Si3452 Bill of Materials (Continued)

| Item | Qty | Reference | Value | Rating and Voltage | Tol | Type | PCB Footprint | Manufacturer Part Number | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | 1 | J104 | HEADER 5x2 |  |  | Header | CONN2X5-4W | TSW-105-07-T-D | Samtec |
| 24 | 1 | L151 | $33 \mu \mathrm{H}$ | 0.4 A | $\pm 20 \%$ | Shielded | IND-4018 | LPS4018-333 | Coilcraft |
| 25 | 1 | Q1 | MMBT3904 | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ 40 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | NPN | SOT23-BEC | MMBT3904 | Fairchild |
| 26 | 9 | R1,R2,R3,R4, R5,R6,R7,R8, R157 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 5 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-10W-103J | Venkel |
| 27 | 3 | R9,R10,R104 | $44.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-10W-4422F | Venkel |
| 28 | 2 | R100,R103 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-10W-1002F | Venkel |
| 29 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { R101,R102, } \\ \text { R153* } \end{gathered}$ | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-10W-1001F | Venkel |
| 30 | 1 | R105 | $330 \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0805 | CR0805-10W-3300F | Venkel |
| 31 | 2 | R106,R107 | 267 ת | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-10W-2670F | Venkel |
| 32 | 1 | R108 | $2.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-16W-2101F | Venkel |
| 33 | 1 | R150 | $5.6 \Omega$ | 1/4 W | $\pm 5 \%$ | ThickFilm | R1210 | CR1210-4W-5R6J | Venkel |
| 34 | 1 | R151 | $25.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-16W-2552F | Venkel |
| 36 | 1 | R155 | $2.87 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-16W-2871F | Venkel |
| 37 | 1 | R156 | $4.87 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | ThickFilm | R0603 | CR0603-16W-4871F | Venkel |
| 38 | 1 | SW1 | SW PUSHBUTTON | 50 mA , 12 Vdc |  |  | SW-PB-MOM | 101-0161-EV | Mountain Switch |
| 40 | 1 | TP17 | Test Point |  |  | Red | TESTPOINT | 151-207 | Kobiconn |
| 41 | 1 | TP18 | Test Point |  |  | White | TESTPOINT | 151-201 | Kobiconn |
| 42 | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { TP102,TP103, } \\ \text { TP104 } \end{gathered}$ | Test Point |  |  | Black | TESTPOINT | 151-230 | Kobiconn |
| 43 | 2 | U1, U2 | Si3452 | -70 V |  | POE | QFN40N6X6P0.5 | Si3452 | SiLabs |
| 44 | 1 | U100 | TLV431 | 7 V |  | SHUNT | TLV431-DBZ | TLV431BCDBZR | TI |
| 45 | 1 | U101 | Si8405 | $2500 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMS }}$ |  | Isolator | SO16N6.0P1.27 | Si8405 | SiLabs |
| 46 | 1 | U152 | Si3500 | -70 V |  | DC-DC | QFN20N5X5P0.8 | Si3500 | SiLabs |

*Note: See schematic notes in Figures 19 and 20.

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### 7.5. RJ45 Connector Board Schematics



Figure 27. Top Level

Figure 28. LED Drivers

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7.6. RJ45 Connector Board Layout

Figure 30. RJ-45 Top Silkscreen


Figure 32. RJ45 Ground Plane


Figure 33. RJ45 Power Plane

Figure 34. RJ45 Secondary Side

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### 7.7. RJ45 Connector Board Bill of Materials

Table 3. RJ45 Bill of Materials

| Item | Qty | Ref | Value | Rating | Tol | PCB Footprint | Mfr Part Number | Mfr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | C200 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  | $\pm 20 \%$ | C0805 | C0805X7R160-105M | Venkel |
| 2 | 32 | C300,C301,C302, <br> C303,C304,C305, <br> C306,C307,C308, <br> C309,C310,C311, <br> C312,C313,C314, <br> C315,C316,C317, <br> C318,C319,C320, <br> C321,C322,C323, <br> C324,C325,C326, <br> C327,C328,C329, <br> C330,C331 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  | $\pm 20 \%$ | C1210 | C1210X7R251-104M | Venkel |
| 3 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { D200,D201,D202, } \\ \text { D203,D204,D205, } \\ \text { D206,D207 } \end{gathered}$ | Green | 30 mA |  | LED-0805-K | LTST-C170GKT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LITE_ON } \\ & \text { INC } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | 1 | J4 | CONN <br> Header 12x2 |  |  | CONN-2X12-2MM | TMM-112-01-T-D | Samtec |
| 5 | 2 | J300,J301 | RJ-45 |  |  | RJ45-8PORT | 44170-0001 | MOLEX |
| 6 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { L300,L301,L302, } \\ \text { L303,L304,L305, } \\ \text { L306,L307 } \end{gathered}$ | FA2536-ALD | $675 \mu \mathrm{H}$ |  | FA2536-AL | FA2536-ALD | COILCRAFT |
| 7 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { R200,R201,R202, } \\ \text { R203,R204,R205, } \\ \text { R206,R207 } \end{gathered}$ | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | R0603 | CR0603-16W-1004F | Venkel |
| 8 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { R208,R209,R210, } \\ \text { R211,R212,R213, } \\ \text { R214,R215 } \end{gathered}$ | $2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1/8 W | $\pm 5 \%$ | R0805 | CR0805-8W-205J | Venkel |
| 9 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { R216,R217,R218, } \\ \text { R219,R220,R221, } \\ \text { R222,R223 } \end{gathered}$ | $332 \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | R0603 | CR0603-10W-3320F | Venkel |
| 10 | 1 | R224 | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/16 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | R0603 | CR0603-16W-1001F | Venkel |
| 11 | 1 | R225 | $2.15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1/10 W | $\pm 1 \%$ | R0603 | CR0603-10W-2151F | Venkel |
| 12 | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U201, U202,U203, } \\ & \text { U204 } \end{aligned}$ | LMX393H | 714 mW |  | SOT23-8N | LMX393HAKA-T | MAXIM IC |

## 8. Ordering Guide

Due to the unique high-voltage and high-power design considerations, Silicon Labs recommends that the reference designs be followed closely. Visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page and register to submit a technical support request, particularly if you are not closely following the recommended reference design.

| Ordering Part Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| Si3452MS8-KIT | Evaluation board kit for Si3452, 8-port midspan evaluation board reference <br> design. Populated with Si3452 devices. Refer to the Si3452 data sheet Order- <br> ing Guide section for current ordering and device configuration information. |
| Si3452-XYY-GM | Ordering part number for Si3452 devices. <br> X = device revision; YY = firmware revision. <br> Refer to the Si3452 data sheet Ordering Guide section for current ordering <br> and device configuration information. |

## Checking whether Driver is Installed

To check whether the driver is installed, perform the following steps:

1. Open the Control Panel and click the System icon.


Figure 35. Control Panel
2. Select "Hardware" and click Device Manager. The screen shown in Figure 36 will appear.


Figure 36. Device Manager
3. Click on "Multi-port serial adapters", and, if it has installed, it will appear as "Silicon Laboratories PoE USB Device".

## Si3452MS8-KIT

## Document Change List

## Revision 0.1 to Revision 0.2

- Updated Figures 19 and 20.
- Added schematic notes
- Editorial changes related to layout guidelines.


## Revision 0.2 to Revision 0.3

■ Updated "2. Kit Contents" on page 2.

- Updated Table 1.


## Revision 0.3 to Revision 0.4

- Updated kit contents in Table 1 on page 2.


## Revision 0.4 to Revision 0.5

- Changed document title from Si3452MS8-EVB to Si3452MS8-KIT.
- Updated "3. Installation" on page 3.
- Updated "3.1. Installing the PoEUSB Device" on page 3.
- Updated "3.2. Si3452 Monitor GUI Installation" on page 5.
- Updated Figure 3 on page 5.
- Updated " Uninstalling the Si3452 Monitor GUI" on page 37.


## Revision 0.5 to Revision 0.6

- Updated Table 1 on page 2.
- Revised "3. Installation" on page 3.
- Updated "4. Hardware Installation" on page 5.
- Updated Figure 5 on page 5.
- Deleted Figure 6.
- Revised " 5 . Using the Si3452 Monitor" on page 7.
- Updated "6. Operating the System" on page 14.
- Updated Figure 18 on page 14.
- Updated " Appendix" on page 36.
- Updated Figure 36 on page 37.
- Removed "Uninstalling the USB to $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Driver" section.
- Removed "Uninstalling the Si3452 Monitor GUI" section.

Notes:

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#### Abstract

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